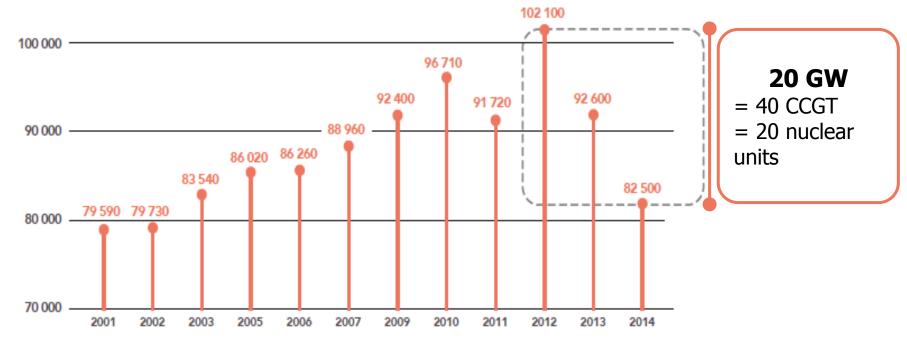


The French capacity market design

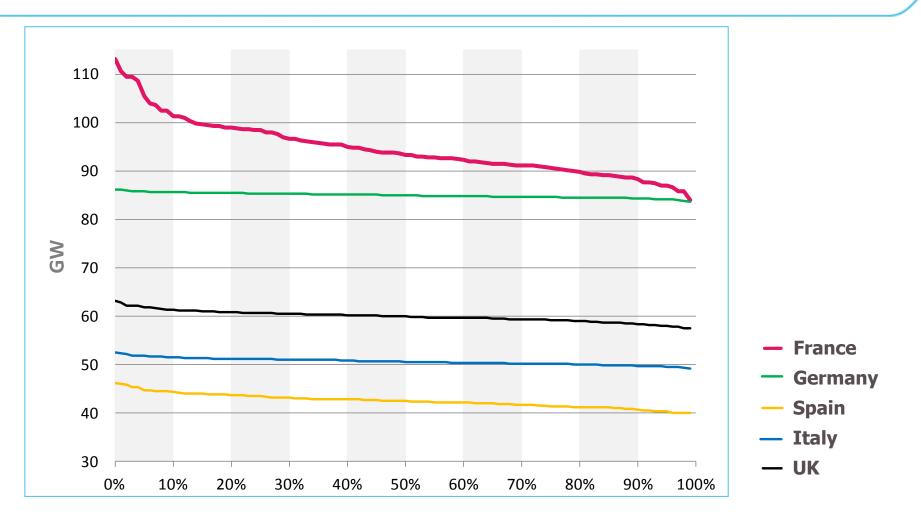
Capacity mechanisms in Europe – September 28th 2015 Thomas Veyrenc – Director, Markets Department

Security of supply in France: a real peak-load issue...

- The French electrical demand increases drastically during cold waves
- → need to ensure adequacy (and not "generation adequacy")
- Extreme volatility of the French peak load
- → need to provide adequate economic signals to ensure investments and retirements (generation and demand response) according to system needs



... specific compared to other EU countries



Peak power load duration curve expectations (one-in-ten indicator) for all major EU countries RTE, 2015

A CRM designed to specifically address this situation

A capacity-wide mechanism to avoid distortions

Strategic reserves would not have been a small adjustment (many GW of capacity under contracts with the TSO) → fears of important distortive impacts on the energy market and risk of slippery-slope effect

A specific role for demand-response to select the most efficient solutions

DR is an efficient way to address high-magnitude, low probability peak load events. Design embedded in a comprehensive policy to promote DR: many aspects (product characteristics, timetable, role for DR operators) have been settled accordingly.

A decentralized mechanism to avoid over-procurement

Risk of a self-fulfilling prophecy (an ever-increasing peak load) if a central buyer is responsible for assessing the need at French level. Choice to base each obligation supplier on its metered consumption.

A "BRP-like" mechanism to comply with the philosophy of EU single energy market

Compatibility with initial target models assessed from the start, with a desire to faithful to the principles of EU regulations (= responsibility for market players). The French CRM means it is mandatory for suppliers to contract an insurance against peak loads. Market players are financially responsible: no public money to finance the CRM

Core design elements

(from the 1st delivery year)

1 Capacities' operators **Suppliers Market-based** (complete market coverage) 2 DR actions Decentralized **Capacity-wide** market All capacities can compete Participation of 6 interconnections 3 **Level playing field** (1 RES certificate = 1 therm.certificate = 1 DR certificate) Each market session starts **Demand for** 4 years in advance certificate to **Forward looking** hedge their obligation 5 5 **Transparency** Public register on the certification process (incl. certified capacities), held by RTE; **Transparency on prices and volumes**, given by the Regulatory Authority; 6 **Participation of National adequacy forecast,** published by RTE (non-binding document); interconnections **Annual observatory of the capacity market, published by the**

Regulatory Authority.

DR

participation

Offer of

certificates

Key questions on the French capacity market design

Is the capacity market designed to <u>systematically</u> address the "missing money" problem?

Generation and demand-response capacities will be remunerated for the effective service they provide to ensure security of supply. This remuneration is not a subsidy (the French capacity market will not prevent all capacities to be mothballed/decommissioned).

Is the French capacity market <u>really</u> decentralized?

The State defines a unique security of supply criteria which provides market players with the overall target in terms of security of supply. However, market players are trading certificates as a commodity and hedge against their risk. There is no capacity target.

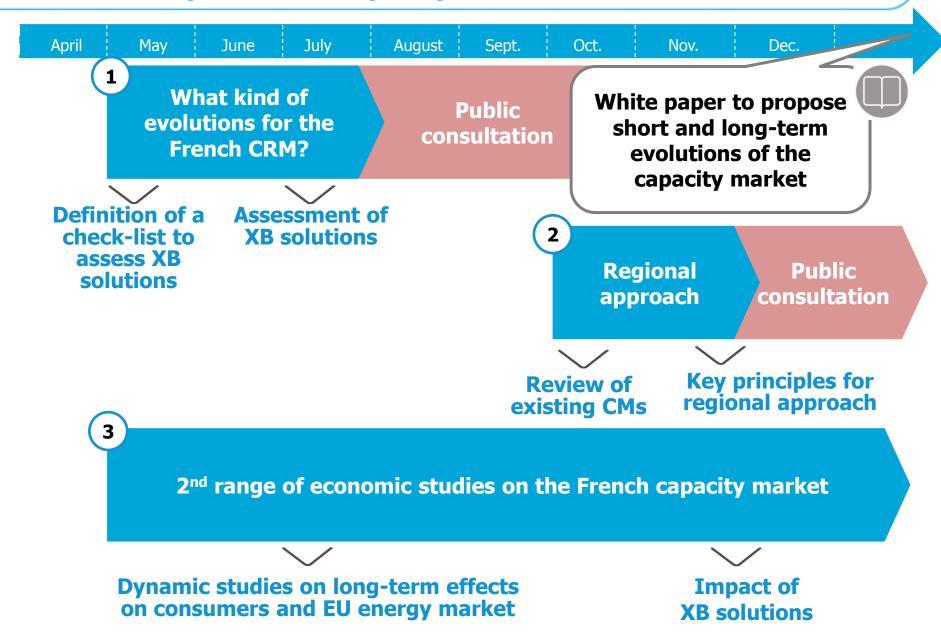
Can the capacity market lead to a <u>technology lock-in effect</u> regarding the energy mix?

RES generation and demand-response are fully integrated in the capacity market and can compete on a level playing field with conventional generation. The French capacity market should increase the role of demand-response regarding system adequacy.

One policy for demand-response

DIAGNOSIS 2009 2010 STRUCTURAL SOLUTIONS 2. SoS oriented capacity 2010 1. Target Model market enhancement 2014 **Designed to ensure security of** DR participation in all markets supply **Expansion of market coupling** Full DR participation Revision of RES support schemes ••• **Energy transition ready** FIRST RESULTS Demand Response activity in Europe 2014 **DR is bouncing back** (major role of capacity price signal) ~10 DR operators Up to 30% of "rapid reserve" provided through DR

Further on-going work on EU integration and assessment of the economic impact of the capacity market



Thank you for your attention



RTE's supporting document on capacity market's rules is available:

- in French
- in English